

Amendments to the Claims

The following listing of claims replaces all prior versions, and listings, of claims in this application.

1. (Currently Amended) A heat exchanger comprising: a body having a conducting portion configured to be configured to conduct heat from the heat source to a heat exchanging layer configured within the body, the body including at least one inlet port and at least one outlet port, wherein the at least one inlet port directs fluid from an inlet channel coupled to the at least one inlet port to a first of one or more fingers, a second of one or more fingers, or both of the first and the second of one or more fingers, wherein the first of the one or more fingers branches from the inlet channel before the end of the inlet channel, wherein the second of the one or more fingers branches from the first of the one or more fingers before the end of the first of the one or more fingers, so that the fluid is able to flow from the first of the one or more fingers to the second of the one or more fingers to the heat exchanging layer via an intermediate layer with a plurality of conduits which extend therethrough, wherein at least a portion of one of the first of the one or more fingers is nonparallel to a portion of ~~at least one of~~ the second of the one or more fingers, the heat exchanging layer includes a porous microstructure disposed thereon and is configured to distribute the fluid and to pass the distributed fluid therethrough.

2.-7. (Canceled)

8. (Original) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the at least one inlet port is positioned substantially parallel with respect to the plane.

9. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the at least one inlet port is positioned substantially perpendicular with respect to the plane.

10. (Original) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the at least one outlet port is positioned substantially parallel with respect to the plane.

11. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the at least one outlet port is positioned substantially perpendicular with respect to the plane.

12. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the body further comprises a plurality of fluid inlet grooves for channeling fluid from the at least one inlet port to the heat exchanging layer.
13. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the body further comprises a plurality of fluid outlet grooves for channeling fluid from the heat exchanging layer to the at least one outlet port.
14. (Original) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the fluid is in single phase flow conditions.
15. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein at least a portion of the fluid is in two phase flow conditions.
16. (Original) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the conducting portion has a thickness dimension within the range of and including 0.3 to 0.7 millimeters.
17. (Original) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein an overhang dimension is within the range of and including 0 to 15 millimeters.
18. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein at least a portion of the fluid undergoes a transition between single and two phase flow conditions in the heat exchanger.
19. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the heat exchanging layer is made of a material having a thermal conductivity of at least 100 W/mK.
20. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the body further comprises a plurality of pillars configured in a predetermined pattern along the heat exchanging layer.

21. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 20 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars has an area dimension within the range of and including $(10 \text{ micron})^2$ and $(100 \text{ micron})^2$.
22. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 20 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars has a height dimension within the range of and including 50 microns and 2 millimeters.
23. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 20 wherein at least two of the plurality of pillars are separate from each other by a spacing dimension within the range of and including 10 to 150 microns.
24. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 20 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars includes at least varying dimension along a predetermined direction.
25. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 20 wherein an appropriate number of pillars are disposed in a predetermined area along the interface layer.
26. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein at least a portion of the body has a roughened surface.
27. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 20 wherein the plurality of pillars include a coating thereupon, wherein the coating has an appropriate thermal conductivity of at least 10 W/m-K.
28. (Canceled)
29. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the porous microstructure has a porosity within the range of and including 50 to 80 percent.
30. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the porous microstructure has an average pore size within the range of and including 10 to 200 microns.

31. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the porous microstructure has a height dimension within the range of and including 0.25 to 2.00 millimeters.
32. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the porous microstructure includes at least one pore having a varying dimension along a predetermined direction.
33. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 further comprising a plurality of microchannels disposed in a predetermined configuration along the body.
34. (Canceled).
35. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 33 wherein at least one of the plurality of microchannels has a height dimension within the range of and including 50 microns and 2 millimeters.
36. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 33 wherein at least two of the plurality of microchannels are separate from each other by a spacing dimension within the range of and including 10 to 150 microns.
37. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 33 wherein at least one of the plurality of microchannels has a width dimension within the range of and including 10 to 100 microns.
38. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the body is coupled to the heat source.
39. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the body is integrally formed to the heat source.
40. (Original) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the heat source is an integrated circuit.

41. (Original) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 further comprising a thermoelectric device positioned between the conducting portion and the heat source, wherein the thermoelectric device is electrically coupled to a power source.
42. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 41 wherein the thermoelectric device is integrally formed within the heat exchanger.
43. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 41 wherein the thermoelectric device is integrally formed within the heat source.
44. (Original) The heat exchanger according to claim 41 wherein the thermoelectric device is coupled to the heat exchanger and the heat source.
45. (Withdrawn) A heat exchanger configured to cool a heat source configured along a plane comprising:
- a. an interface layer having a thermal conductivity and configured to pass fluid from a first side to a second side such that heat is passed from the interface layer to the fluid passing therethrough; and
 - b. a manifold layer comprising:
 - i. a first layer in contact with the heat source and configured to pass fluid therethrough to the interface layer, the first layer having an appropriate thermal conductivity to pass heat from the heat source to the fluid passing therethrough and to pass heat from the heat source to the first side of the interface layer; and
 - ii. a second layer coupled to the first layer and in contact with the second side of the interface layer.
46. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the first layer further comprises a recess area having a heat conducting region in contact with the interface layer.
47. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the first layer includes the at least one inlet port.

48. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the first layer includes the at least one outlet port.
49. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the second layer includes the at least one inlet port.
50. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the second layer includes the at least one outlet port.
51. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the at least one inlet port is positioned substantially parallel with respect to the plane.
52. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the at least one inlet port is positioned substantially perpendicular with respect to the plane.
53. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the at least one outlet port is positioned substantially parallel with respect to the plane.
54. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the at least one outlet port is positioned substantially perpendicular with respect to the plane.
55. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 46 wherein the recess area includes a plurality of fluid inlet grooves through in the heat conducting region, the fluid inlet grooves for channeling fluid from at least one inlet port to the interface layer.
56. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the second layer further comprises a plurality of fluid outlet grooves for channeling fluid from the interface layer to at least one outlet port.
57. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the fluid is in single phase flow conditions.

58. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein at least a portion of the fluid is in two phase flow conditions.
59. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the first layer has a thickness dimension within the range of and including 0.3 to 0.7 millimeters.
60. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein an overhang dimension is within the range of and including 0 to 15 millimeters.
61. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein at least a portion of the fluid undergoes a transition between single and two phase flow conditions in the heat exchanger.
62. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the thermal conductivity is at least 100 W/m-K.
63. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the first layer further comprises a plurality of pillars configured in a predetermined pattern along the first layer.
64. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 63 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars has an area dimension within the range of and including $(10 \text{ micron})^2$ and $(100 \text{ micron})^2$.
65. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 63 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars has a height dimension within the range of and including 50 microns and 2 millimeters.
66. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 63 wherein at least two of the plurality of pillars are separate from each other by a spacing dimension within the range of and including 10 to 150 microns.
67. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 63 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars includes at least varying dimension along a predetermined direction.

68. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 63 wherein an appropriate number of pillars are disposed in a predetermined area along the interface layer.
69. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein at least a portion of the first layer has a roughened surface.
70. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 63 wherein the plurality of pillars include a coating thereupon, wherein the coating has an appropriate thermal conductivity of at least 10 W/m-K.
71. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the interface layer is made of a porous microstructure.
72. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 71 wherein the porous microstructure has a porosity within the range of and including 50 to 80 percent.
73. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 71 wherein the porous microstructure has an average pore size within the range of and including 10 to 200 microns.
74. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 71 wherein the porous microstructure has a height dimension within the range of and including 0.25 to 2.00 millimeters.
75. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 71 wherein the porous microstructure includes at least one pore having a varying dimension along a predetermined direction.
76. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 further comprising a plurality of microchannels disposed in a predetermined configuration along the first layer.
77. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 76 wherein at least one of the plurality of microchannels has an area dimension within the range of and including $(10 \text{ micron})^2$ and $(100 \text{ micron})^2$.

78. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 76 wherein at least one of the plurality of microchannels has a height dimension within the range of and including 50 microns and 2 millimeters.

79. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 76 wherein at least two of the plurality of microchannels are separate from each other by a spacing dimension within the range of and including 10 to 150 microns.

80. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 76 wherein at least one of the plurality of microchannels has a width dimension within the range of and including 10 to 100 microns.

81. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the first layer is coupled to the heat source.

82. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the first layer is integrally formed to the heat source.

83. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 wherein the heat source is an integrated circuit.

84. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 45 further comprising a thermoelectric device positioned between the first layer and the heat source, wherein the thermoelectric device is electrically coupled to a power source.

85. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 84 wherein the thermoelectric device is integrally formed within the heat exchanger.

86. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 84 wherein the thermoelectric device is integrally formed within the heat source.

87. (Withdrawn) The heat exchanger according to claim 84 wherein the thermoelectric device is coupled to the heat exchanger and the heat source.

88. (Withdrawn) A method of manufacturing a heat exchanger configured to cool a heat source positioned along a plane, the method comprising the steps of:

- a. providing a first layer configurable to be in contact with the heat source and to pass fluid along a heat conducting surface, wherein the first layer has an appropriate thermal conductivity to pass heat from the heat source to the fluid passing along the heat conducting surface;
- b. coupling a second layer having a thermal conductivity to the first layer, wherein a first side of the second layer is in contact with the heat conducting surface to receive heat therefrom and configured to pass fluid from the first layer therethrough such that heat is passed from the second layer to the fluid; and
- c. coupling a third layer to the first and second layers, wherein a second side of the second layer is in contact with the third layer.

89. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the first layer further comprises a recess area having the heat conducting surface.

90. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the heat exchanger includes at least one inlet port for channeling fluid to the first side and at least one outlet port for channeling fluid from the second side.

91. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 90 wherein the first layer includes the at least one inlet port.

92. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 90 wherein the first layer includes the at least one outlet port.

93. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 90 wherein the third layer includes the at least one inlet port.

94. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 90 wherein the third layer includes the at least one outlet port.

95. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 90 wherein the at least one inlet port is positioned substantially parallel with respect to the plane.
96. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 90 wherein the at least one inlet port is positioned substantially perpendicular with respect to the plane.
97. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 90 wherein the at least one outlet port is positioned substantially parallel with respect to the plane.
98. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 90 wherein the at least one outlet port is positioned substantially perpendicular with respect to the plane.
99. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 89 wherein the recess area includes a plurality of fluid inlet grooves along the heat conducting surface, the fluid inlet grooves for channeling fluid from at least one inlet port to the second layer.
100. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the fluid is in single phase flow conditions.
101. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein at least a portion of the fluid is in two phase flow conditions.
102. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the first layer has a thickness dimension within the range of and including 0.3 to 0.7 millimeters.
103. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein an overhang dimension is within the range of and including 0 to 15 millimeters.
104. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein at least a portion of the fluid undergoes a transition between single and two phase flow conditions in the heat exchanger.

105. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the first layer is made of a material having a thermal conductivity of at least 100 W/m-K.

106. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 further comprising forming a plurality of pillars in a predetermined pattern along the first layer.

107. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 106 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars has an area dimension within the range of and including (10 micron)² and (100 micron)².

108. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 106 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars has a height dimension within the range of and including 50 microns and 2 millimeters.

109. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 106 wherein at least two of the plurality of pillars are separate from each other by a spacing dimension within the range of and including 10 to 150 microns.

110. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 106 wherein at least one of the plurality of pillars includes at least varying dimension along a predetermined direction.

111. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 further comprising configuring at least a portion of the first layer to have a roughened surface.

112. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the second layer is made of a micro-porous structure.

113. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 112 wherein the porous microstructure has a porosity within the range of and including 50 to 80 percent.

114. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 112 wherein the porous microstructure has an average pore size within the range of and including 10 to 200 microns.

115. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 112 wherein the porous microstructure has a height dimension within the range of and including 0.25 to 2.00 millimeters.

116. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 further comprising forming a plurality of microchannels onto the first layer.

117. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 116 wherein at least one of the plurality of microchannels has an area dimension within the range of and including (10 micron)² and (100 micron)².

118. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 116 wherein at least one of the plurality of microchannels has a height dimension within the range of and including 50 microns and 2 millimeters.

119. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 116 wherein at least two of the plurality of microchannels are separate from each other by a spacing dimension within the range of and including 10 to 150 microns.

120. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 116 wherein at least one of the plurality of microchannels has a width dimension within the range of and including 10 to 100 microns.

121. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the first layer is coupled to the heat source.

122. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the first layer is integrally formed to the heat source.

123. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 wherein the heat source is an integrated circuit.

124. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 88 further comprising configuring a thermoelectric device between the first layer and the heat source, wherein the thermoelectric device is electrically coupled to a power source.
125. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 124 wherein the thermoelectric device is integrally formed within the heat exchanger.
126. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 124 wherein the thermoelectric device is integrally formed within the heat source.
127. (Withdrawn) The method of manufacturing according to claim 124 wherein the thermoelectric device is coupled to the heat exchanger and the heat source.
128. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 further comprising a heat source including at least one interface hot spot region, wherein the fluid is distributed to selectively cool the at least one interface hot spot region.
129. (previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the first of one or more fingers, the second of one or more fingers, or both comprise a plurality of apertures positioned above the plurality of conduits to deliver the fluid to the heat exchanging layer.
130. (Previously presented) The heat exchanger according to claim 129 wherein each of the plurality of apertures is arranged to cool a selected portion of the heat source.
131. (Canceled)
132. (Currently amended) The heat exchanger according to claim 1 wherein the at least one inlet port, the inlet channel and the first of one or more fingers, the second of one or more fingers, or both lie in a common plane ~~are arranged such that fluid flows only in a direction parallel to a bottom surface of the body.~~
133. (Canceled).

134. (Currently amended) The heat exchanger according to Claim 1 further comprising a third of the one or more fingers for directing fluid toward the outlet, and a fourth of the one or more fingers for directing fluid from at least one of the conduits to the third of one or more fingers.

135. (Currently amended) A heat exchanger comprising:

- a. a top manifold layer having a top first surface and a bottom second surface substantially parallel to the first top surface, the top manifold layer comprising:
 - i. an inlet port for passage of a fluid, and a main inlet channel finger branching extending therefrom for allowing the fluid to pass therethrough;
 - ii. a plurality of secondary inlet primary fingers branching from the main inlet channel finger, wherein at least one of the primary secondary inlet fingers branch from the main inlet channel before the end of the main inlet channel, and further wherein at least one of the primary fingers has a having an inlet conduit for allowing the passage of the fluid through the bottom surface of the top manifold layer;
 - iii. an outlet port for the passage of the fluid, and a main outlet channel extending finger branching therefrom for allowing the fluid the pass therethrough; and
 - iv. a plurality of secondary outlet fingers branching from the primary main outlet fingers, wherein at least one of the secondary fingers branch from the primary fingers before the end of the primary finger, and further wherein at least one of the secondary outlet fingers has having an outlet conduit conduit for allowing passage of the fluid through the bottom surface of the manifold;
wherein the main inlet channel, the primary fingers, the main outlet channel and the secondary fingers all lie in the same plane wherein the main inlet finger, the plurality of secondary inlet fingers, the outlet finger, and the plurality of outlet fingers are arranged such that the fluid can only flow in a direction that is parallel to at least one of the first and second surface of the manifold;
- b. an intermediate layer, having a first intermediate surface and a second intermediate surface, coupled to the bottom second surface of the manifold layer, the interface layer having openings corresponding to the inlet conduit and the outlet conduit; and

- c. a heat exchanging layer coupled to the second surface of the intermediate layer, the heat exchanging layer including a porous microstructure disposed thereon and configured to distributed the fluid and to pass the distributed fluid therethrough.